

Day three – Doing things differently: science opportunities and challenges

- Realising our science ambitions Prof Susan Waldron
- Challenges and opportunities Dr Ray Leakey
- Marine planning Dr Natalie Powney
- Science and operations Simon Garrod







DAY 3 – Friday 27 November 2020			
9.50am to 10am	Arrival		
10am to 10.15am	Welcome.	Professor Susan Waldron,	
	Realising our science ambitions. Long-term horizon scanning	NERC	
10.15am to 10.20am	Ambitious science – a vision for the future.	Professor Dame Jane Francis,	
		BAS	
10.20am to 10.40am	Challenges and opportunities. Review of key issues	Dr Ray Leakey, SAMS	
	from the first science user workshop held in 2017.		
10.40am to 11.00am	Marine Planning. Current mechanisms for research	Dr Natalie Powney, NERC	
	cruise planning and funding		
11am to 11.20am	Science and Operations. The dual role of RRS Sir	Simon Garrod, BAS	
	David Attenborough		
11.20am to 11.30am	Questions	Professor Susan Waldron,	
		NERC	
11.30am to 11.35am	Break		







Realising our science ambitions: Long term Horizon Scanning

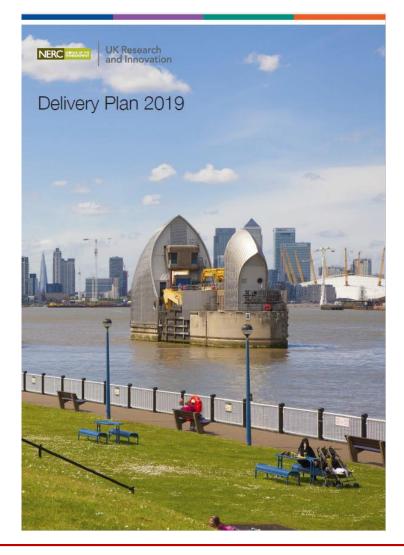


Image from Dr. Bob Larter, BAS









- NERC-supported Antarctic research provides the UK with vital understanding of how the polar regions are responding to natural and humandriven pressures, and their impact on global climate.
- Invest ~ £17M in 2019/20 in the operation of RRS (Royal Research Ships)
- The RRS Sir David Attenborough: 60 scientists; state-of-the-art laboratories and equipment (+AUV); the first UK polar research vessel with a helipad and moon pool





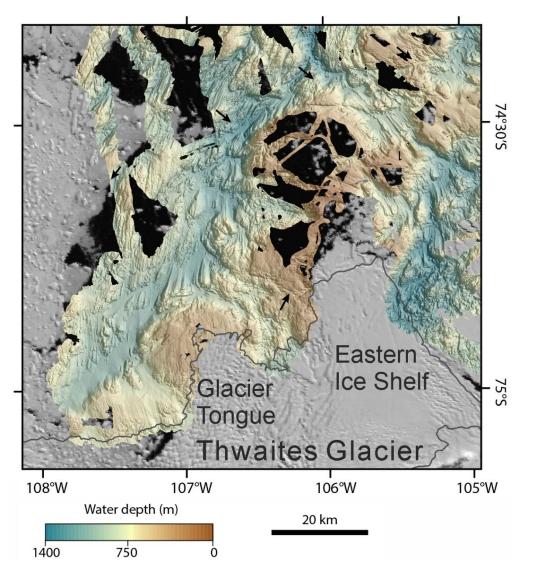








2019: First International Thwaites Glacier Collaboration (ITGC) Cruise



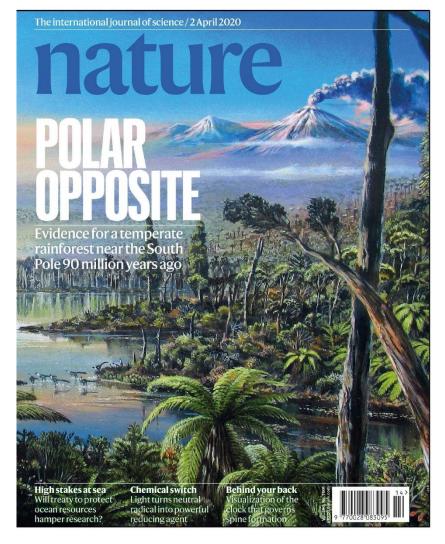
- Initial work for three ITGC projects plus oceanographic moorings
- Physical oceanography research used autonomous underwater vehicle, seagliders and satellite tags attached to seals
- Oceanographic moorings recovered contain 5-year long records
- Coastal island geology and geomorphology constrains long-term rates of glacial isostatic adjustment
- Marine geology and geophysics revealed troughs deeper than previously thought routing warm water under ice shelf, and recovered sediment cores to extend records to pre-satellite era





Hogan et al: The Cryosphere, 14, 2883–2908, 2020 Calculations of trough capacity, and thus oceanic heat flux, may be significantly underestimated

Present: UK-German Amundsen Sea Seabed Drilling Expedition



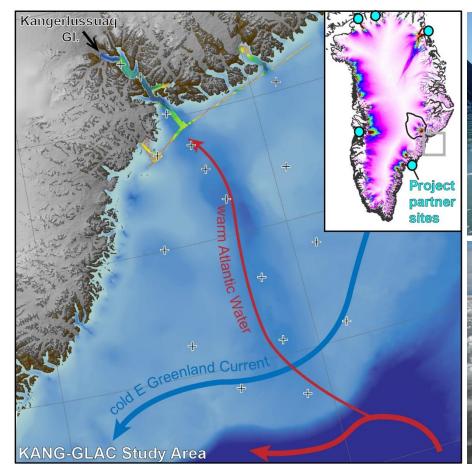


- First operation of MARUM-MeBo70 sea-floor drill rig on Antarctic shelf during RV Polarstern expedition PS104
- 4 UK & 6 German institutions: led by AWI and BAS
- Discovered remains of temperate rainforest at ~82°S with high plant diversity and mild mean annual temp. (~13°C)
- Combined palaeoenvironmental evidence used as target values for global climate model
- Reconstructed conditions can only be simulated with 1,120-1,680 ppmv CO₂ and vegetated Antarctic continent without larger continental ice masses.

In the future run GCM with various types of vegetation cover coupled with other drivers such as palaeogeography or changes in cloudiness

Future (2023-2026): KANG-GLAC - Marine terminating Glaciers in the Earth System)

- NERC Highlight topic: Ice sheet behaviour where it meets the ocean highly uncertain. Greenland Ice sheet losing mass at fastest rate measured
- Key deliverable To determine the role of the ocean in driving decadalto- centennial marine-terminating glacier dynamics through the Holocene
- Ship Large multidisciplinary cruise on SDA 2023*
- Partners BAS, Durham, Leeds, SAMS plus 6 international research institutions (USA, Sweden, Denmark, Italy, Canada, Belgium)









	DAY 3 – Friday 27 l	27 November 2020		
	11.30am to	Break		
	11.35am			
	11.35am to	Breakout 1: What is our vision for ambitious	Chair: Professor Karen Heywood, <i>UEA</i>	
	12.20pm	science on the SDA in the Antarctic?	Rapporteur: Dr Alex Burton Johnson, BAS	
	12.20pm to	Lunch		
1	1.30pm			
	1.30pm to 2.15pm	Breakout 2: What is our vision for ambitious	Chair: Prof Finlo Cottier, SAMS	
>		science on the SDA in the Arctic?	Rapporteur: Dr Kelly Hogan, BAS	
	2.15pm to 2.30pm	Break		
	2.30pm to 3.15pm	Breakout 3: Making it happen. How should we	Chair: Prof Susan Waldron, NERC	
		plan, fund and schedule science on the RRS Sir David Attenborough?	Rapporteur: Dr Alex Brearley, BAS	
	3.15pm to 3.30pm	Break		
	3.30pm to 4.15pm	Breakout 4: Building inter-disciplinary, diverse	Chair: Dr Sian Henley, <i>U. of Edinburgh</i>	
		and inclusive polar science communities of the future	Rapporteur: Dr Huw Griffiths, BAS	
	4.15pm to 4.30pm	Break		
	4.30pm to 5.15pm	Plenary: break out session reports and close	Professor Susan Waldron, NERC	
-	5.15pm	Close	-	









Challenges and Opportunities: Review of key issues from the 2017 workshop

Dr Ray Leakey

SDA science user lead, Scottish Association for Marine Science





Science Opportunities and Challenges



RRS Sir David Attenborough has implications for the delivery of marine science programmes.

Research cruises are likely to change from current practice in response to:

- transition from a two-ship to one-ship polar science and logistics operation,
- the new ship's capabilities and capacity.

New opportunities to enhance science output.

Challenges to optimise delivery of marine polar science programmes.

Science User Workshop 2017

RRS Sir David Attenborough cruise planning and operations workshop:

- 36 scientists and managers from NERC and UK HEIs.
- Future operating model for research cruises.
- Opportunities and challenges around planning and delivering science cruises.



Lessons from the RV *Polarstern*

Prof. Heinrich Miller (AWI)



Comparable to the RRS Sir David Attenborough in terms of size, science capability, berths, duration and joint logistics/science role.

Large size enables:

- Multi- and inter-disciplinary science.
- Maximum use of the ship in variable environments (especially sea-ice).
- Enhanced education, training and a shared-learning environment.

But requires:

- Long-term (minimum 3-year) planning horizon.
- 24/7 operations on long (minimum 5 week) multi-discipline cruises.
- "Main plus ancillary" research cruise model led by one chief scientist.

Scenario Planning for Multidisciplinary Cruises



Scenario planning to translate single-discipline cruises from the RRS *James Clark Ross* to the RRS *Sir David Attenborough*.

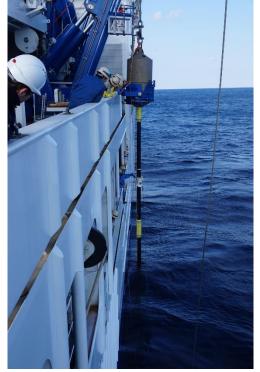
- Reveals excess capacity on the RRS Sir David Attenborough which, if appropriately resourced, could be used to support additional science.
- This excess capacity varies according to discipline and in all cases represents a <50% increase in capacity over and above the RRS *James Clark Ross*.
- Berths, duration, lab space and deck space available for additional science.
- However, wire time and data (availability and ease of use) may be limiting.

Opportunities

to enhance scientific research, training and outreach

- New equipment capabilities enabling new science.
- Enhanced capacity and capability enabling more holistic (nested surveys, atmosphere to seabed), inter-disciplinary and regional themed science.
- Longer duration at sea enabling access to remote locations and temporal resolution of seasonal problems.
- More berths enabling greater international collaboration and a wider pool of scientific and technical skills on ship.
- More berths and lab facilities teaching and outreach activities.





to optimise delivery of marine polar science programmes

The move from **two-ship to one-ship operation** may lead to:

- a reduction in science days at sea,
- the possibility of single point failure or problems emerging from more complex logistics/science operations,
- a challenging transition period to a one-ship operation.



to optimise delivery of marine polar science programmes

Longer and/or larger multi-disciplinary cruises may present conflicts of interest and place greater demands on **cruise management**:

- prioritisation of logistics versus science,
- prioritisation of different science activities and projects,
- management of expectations and science downtime.



to optimise delivery of marine polar science programmes

Longer and/or larger multi-disciplinary cruises may place **greater demands** on scientists, technicians and equipment when at sea for long periods of time:

- availability and cost of staff,
- availability and cost of equipment,
- prioritisation of different science activities and projects,
- equipment and personnel downtime,
- pressures on ship staff,
- morale and work-life balance.



to optimise delivery of marine polar science programmes

Longer and/or larger multi-disciplinary cruises present significant challenges for the **planning and funding** of science cruises, including:

- the need for longer-term science planning horizons for more complex research cruise models,
- the need to align current funding structures with the demand for longerterm planning horizons,
- · the possible requirement for increase in funding.



Workshop Recommendations

- 14 recommendations and 9 actions.
- Several addressed during the last 3 years.
- Others outstanding and relevant to this workshop



Workshop Recommendations for NERC, BAS and NMF

- To work together, and with science community, to ensure staff and equipment resources are aligned with the requirement to optimise science delivery.
- To review current research cruise planning and funding structures to align with the longer-term planning horizons required to maximise productivity of science, education and outreach activities.



Workshop Recommendations

for the science user community

- Embrace, on an ongoing basis, all opportunities to optimise and enhance delivery of science, training and outreach.
- Consider ideas for adapting current research cruise planning and funding structures to align with the longer-term planning horizons, and to submit ideas to NERC Marine Planning in first instance.



Addressing the Challenges

Time Strategic Issues

Science Community

Discovery science?
Strategic progammes?
National Capability?



Alignment

Angliment

RRS Sir David Attenborough

What will ship be doing?
When will ship be doing it?
Where will ship be doing it?

Operational Issues

NERC, BAS, NMF Operations

How do we optimise ship operation?



Doing Things Differently

Understand the RSS Sir David Attenborough's new science capabilities



Identify new science ideas and opportunities enabled by the new capabilities



Identify any barriers preventing the realisation of these ideas



Explore solutions to these barriers by doing things differently



Marine Planning. Current mechanisms for research cruise planning and funding

Dr Natalie Powney

Head of Marine Planning, Natural Environment Research Council



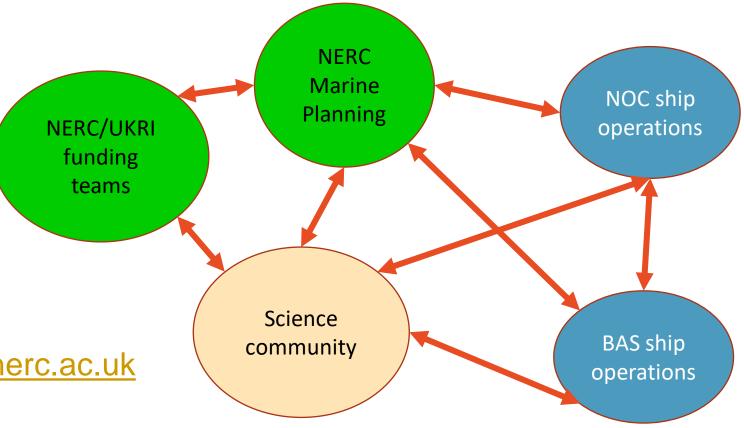


Marine Planning

Shiptime and marine equipment requests:

- Discovery, James Cook, SDA
- NMEP and SDA equipment
- Barter vessels/equipment

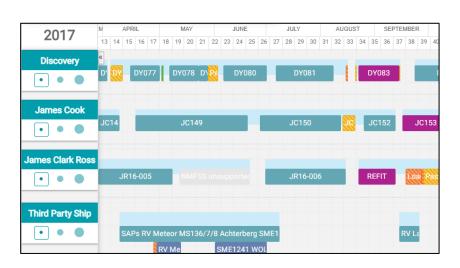
Marine Planning <u>marineplanning@nerc.ac.uk</u>



Natural

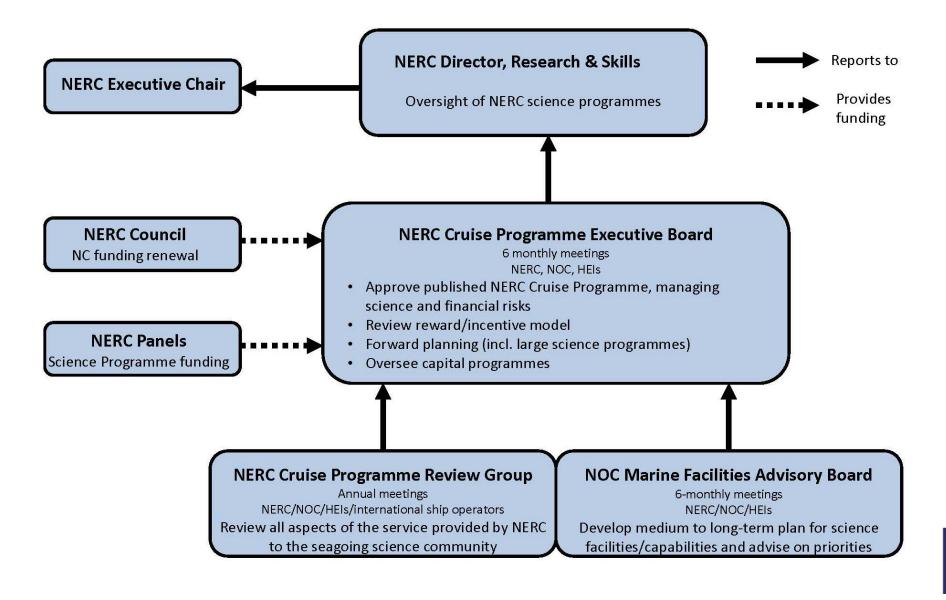
Environment

Research Council



We want to work with you (over many years!) to enable excellent science using state of the art capabilities

Marine Planning governance



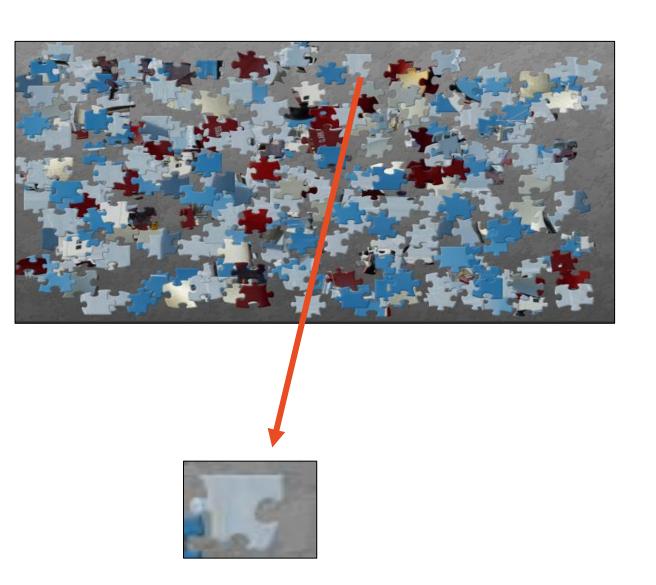


Giant jigsaw puzzle!





How do I request shiptime?



Speak to Marine Planning/NMF/BAS Complete SME/ADF, email MP Discussions, SME/ADF approved Costs provided (if needed) Submit grant proposal Confirm funding (or delete SME/ADF)



How do I request shiptime?



Marine Facilities Programme website:

https://nerc.marinefacilitiesplanning.com



Start early!
Provide details!
Be accurate!
Talk to experts



Funding for shiptime

1st April

Cut-off for funding confirmation to be considered for the following cruise programme year (opportunistic afterwards)

Standard Grant

Large Grant

Strategic Research **Programmes**

NERC/UKRI funding*

National Capability

Other peer reviewed funding

EU funding Other nonpeer reviewed funding

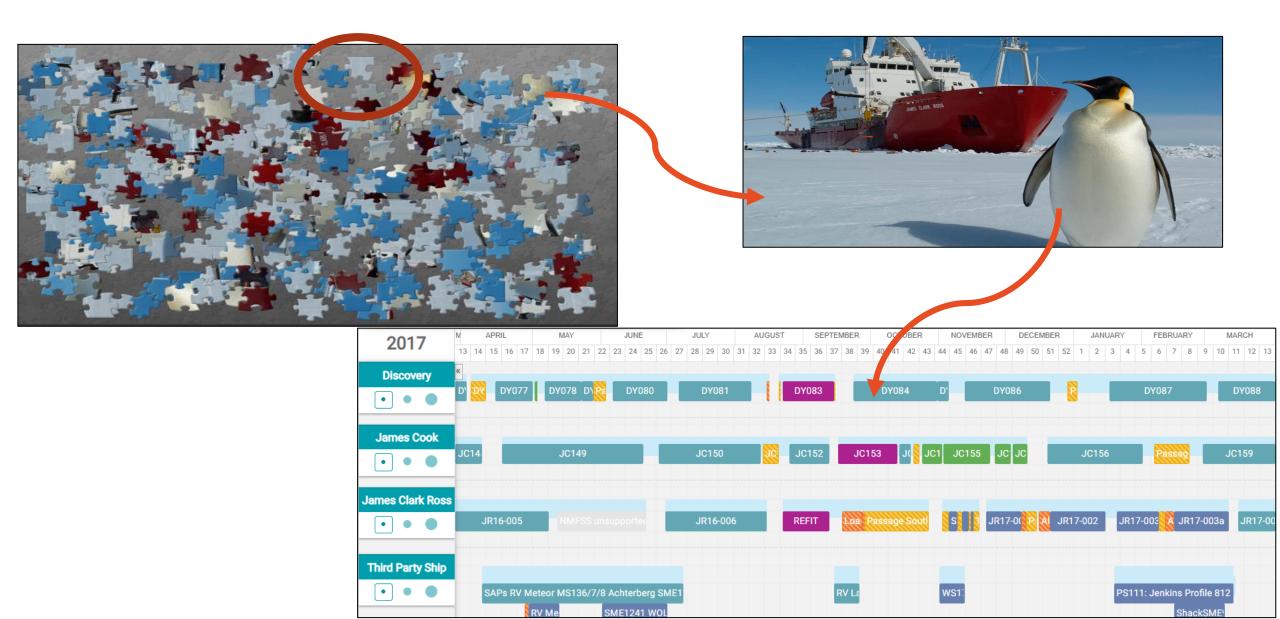
* Cost models vary – speak to Marine Planning and check call announcements

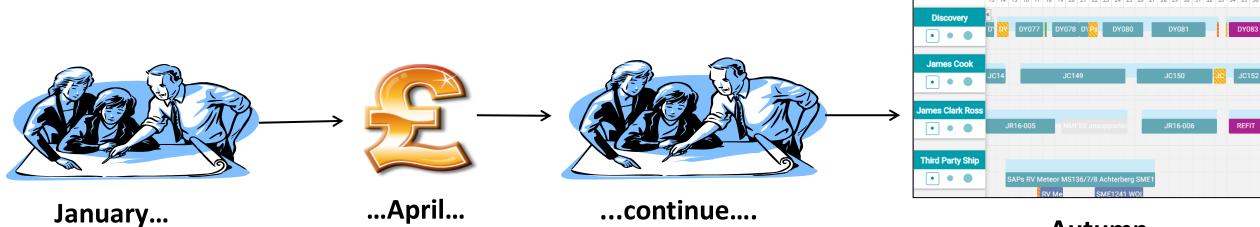
> **Natural Environment Research Council**

Fellowships

Other Research Council funding

Science

















- Prioritisation criteria
- Operational constraints
- Science team constraints
- Pandemic constraints/uncertainty!
- Lots of conversations



Barter partnerships

- Bilateral with NSF
- Ocean Facilities Exchange Group

Pre-arranged barters
Opportunistic assistance









Chief Scientists' Workshop

- All those requesting shiptime in the following year
- Anyone wanting to know more about requesting shiptime for future applications



- Marine Planning
- Research cruise operations
 - Pre-sail
 - At sea
 - Post-sail

Discuss specific requests

marineplanning@nerc.ac.uk

The future

- Integrated NERC fleet programming
- SDA and new capabilities
- Move from two ships to one
- Collaborations with international partners ship operators as well as funding bodies
- Communications of future programmes and wider capabilities available



Marine Planning <u>marineplanning@nerc.ac.uk</u>





RRS Sir David Attenborough – science users' workshop

Science and operations. The dual role of the RRS Sir David Attenborough

Simon Garrod

Director of Operations, British Antarctic Survey







Two Ships into One Ship?

Demands

Challenges

Solutions



SDA Role

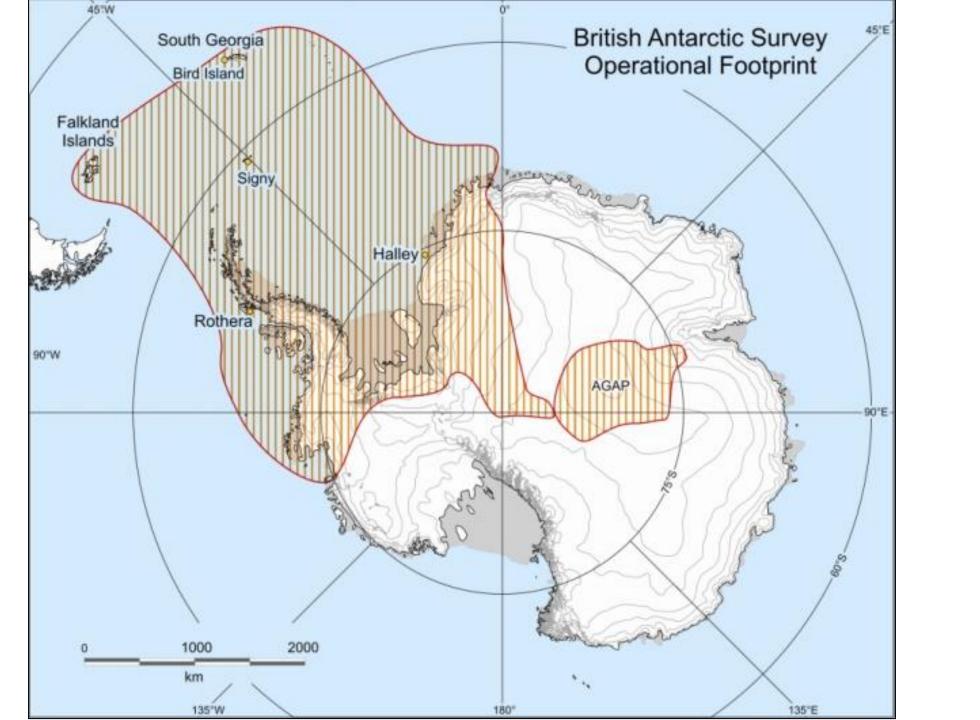
Enables the UK's presence in the Antarctic

Marine science platform for the Polar regions

Diplomatic role in fostering mutually beneficial science and operational partnerships with other national programmes

Flagship/Ambassador for UK polar research during port calls/visits





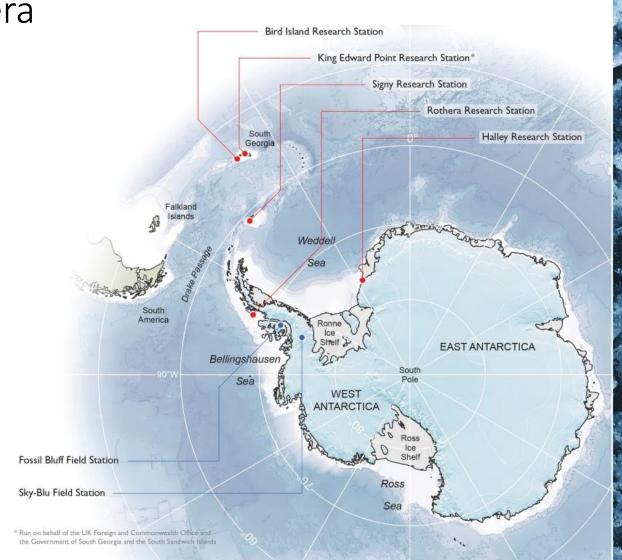
Demands - Annual Station resupply

Terrestrial and marine science at stations, deep field science support from Rothera

- Bird Island 2 calls
- King Edward Point 2 calls
- Signy 2 calls
- Rothera 2 calls

Tri-annual Station support

Halley – 1 call



Demands Deep Field Science Support (Ice Shelf Offload)

Frequency – tri-annual

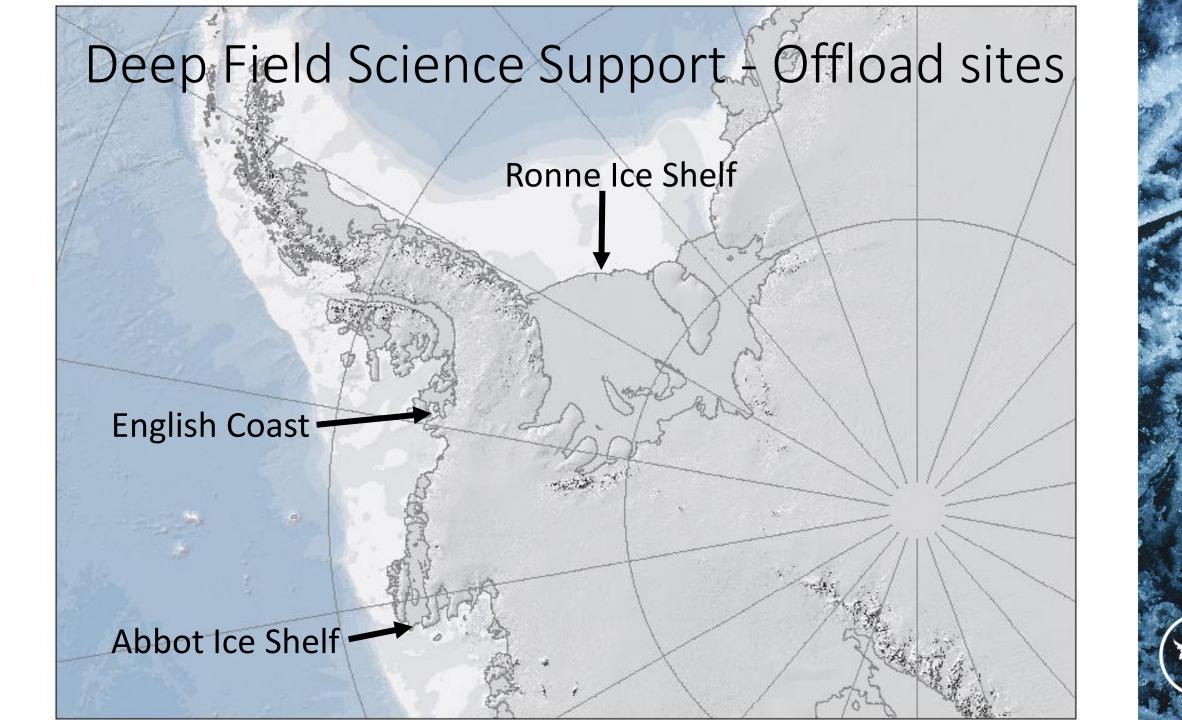




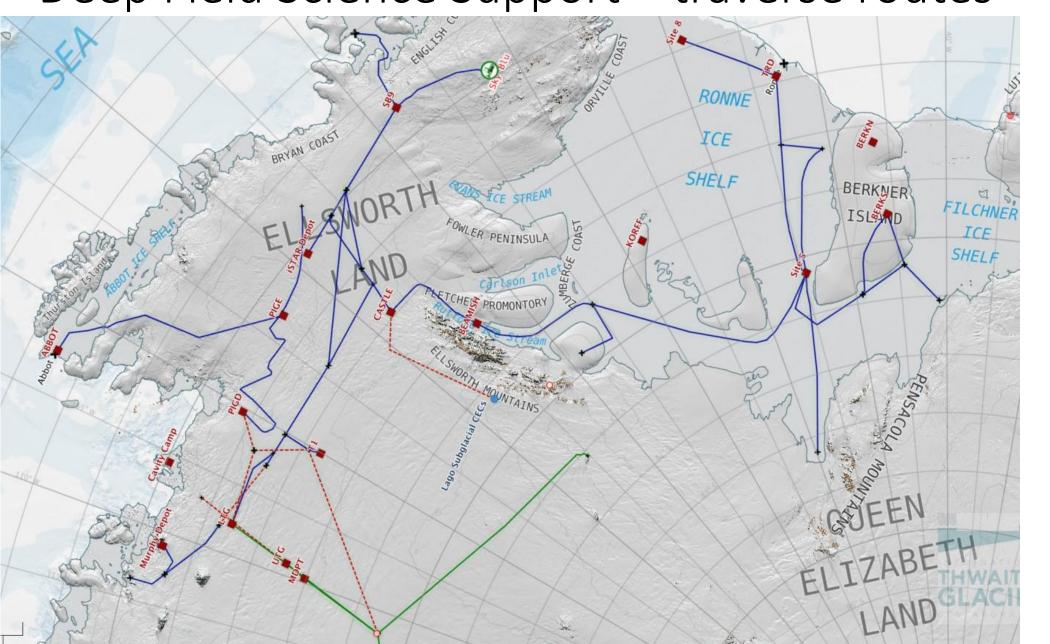
Demands - Deep Field Science Support Required for:

- Fuel delivery
- Science equipment input and uplift



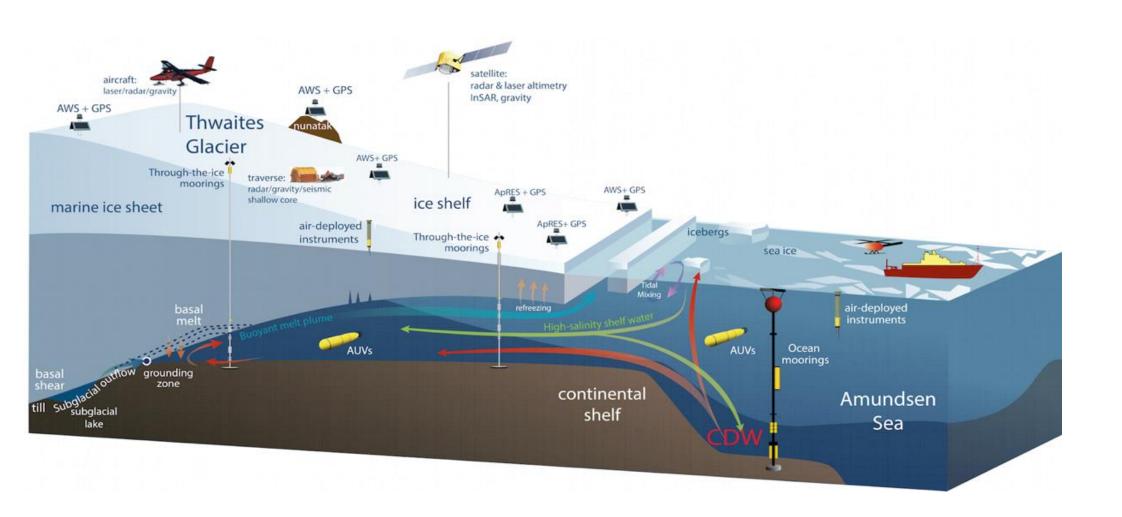


Deep Field Science Support – traverse routes





NERC+NSF International Thwaites Glacier Collaboration



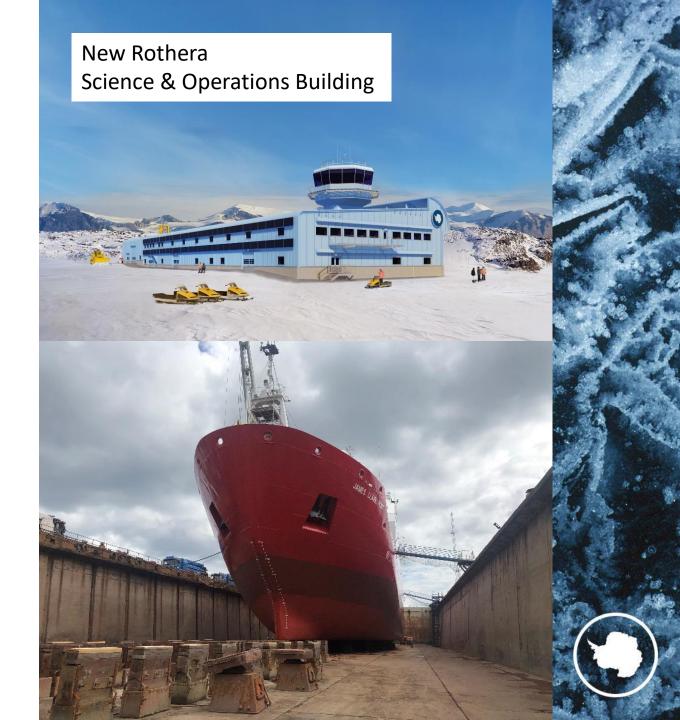


Demands - Other

Antarctic Modernisation Project Support



Annual refit and maintenance regime



Marine Science

<u>Arctic</u>

Historically has averaged around 60 days/year

Antarctica

1 x long multidisciplinary, 2/3 targeted shorter cruises

Underway systems

Atmospheric/sea water/acoustics mapping

Science of opportunity on transit

Deploying buoys/gliders/ctd/xbt & xctd surveys



Challenges - Delivering science and logistics with a single vessel

Operations requirements

- Annual Station support
- Halley call every 3 years
- Ice shelf offload every 3 years (minimum)

Challenging to do a Halley call and ice shelf offload in a single season without limiting marine science in that season

What does this mean?

- Heavy logistics seasons?
- Heavy science seasons?



SDA 5 year trials and logistics plan DRAFT

Key

Port call

Yard / Re-fit

Trials

Set Logistics

Flexible logistics

Opportunity for science

All activity in this plan is provisional and subject to change.

	September O		ober November		December	Jan	January		February		March		pril	М	ay	June		July	Augu	ıst
20/21	Cammell Laird		Cammell Laird. 1st 50 days alongside A/S work up, stowing, MCA/Class, OEM training, safety drills, familiarisation / Helideck certification		1st 30 days a Anchor test manoeuving testing, pro procedures, e testing, Heli trials with air Westerr approach	cing, g, DP g, DP ging engine deck ccraft			Deep Acoustic trials <4000m Norwegian Trough		Ice trials part 1 als packag		still being developed			Winch trials part 1		Snags remediation / re-trialling	Full depth acoustics / winch trials	Snags remediation / mob science trials
21/22	Science trials		Falklands th Portsmouth-Bunkering		Open islands (Signy, KEP, Bird Island)	Punta – mob rehearsal cruise Rothera		Halley relief (min 2 weeks on site)	relief Rehearsal (min 2 - North veeks on Peninsu		Close islands (Signy, KEP, Bird Island)	Rothera final call Falklands – demob cruise	Transit N	orth	Sh Harwich/Felixstowe Demob	Ship yard – re-fit / snags		Arctic science?		
22/23	Transit South Transit South Trials / Mob South		Open islands (Signy, KEP, Bird Island)			Rothera first call / Project logistics				Close islands (Signy, KEP, Bird Island)		Rothera ¡ & season		Transit North	Harwich. Demob	Science Trials?		2 nd year Re-	fit	
23/24	Harwich. Demob Science. Mob South	Transit South	Open islands (Signy, KEP, Bird Island)			Rothera first call / Project logistics			Ronne entrance or English cost tractor uplift & fuel input		Close islands (Signy, KEP, Bird Island)		Rothera ¡ & season		Transit North	Harwich. Demob			Re-fit	
24/25	Harwich. Mob South	Transit South	Open islands (Signy, KEP, Bird Island)			Rothera first call / Project logistics		Halley relief			Close islands (Signy, KEP, Bird Island)		Rothera p & season		Transit North	Harwich. Demob			Re-fit	

Solutions - maximising time at sea for the SDA

Containerisation

Move from break bulk to containerisation will speed up station

relief

Halley Automation



When the single ship model was conceived we did two annual ship calls to Halley – now 1 in 3 years releasing significant ship time



Solutions - other ship support options

HMS Protector

• Cargo, fuel, people

MV Pharos - South Georgia Government vessel

• Limited cargo, fuel, people

Naval vessels on passage to South Georgia

People

Collaboration with other National Programmes

Logistics and science support

Commercial charter vessel

Logistics resupply

NOC – James Cook, Discovery

Science

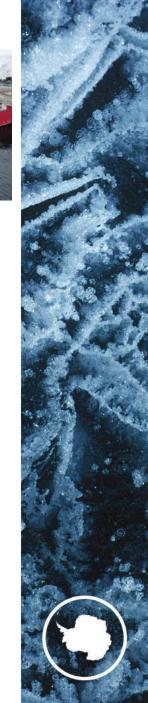












Solutions

Efficient scheduling to minimise unproductive passage time/maximise outputs

Forward planning to enable efficient scheduling

Technology – ROV/AUV - SDA is the 'hub' for data collection?

Opportunistic marine science when transiting to stations/ice shelf sites

Alternative logistics solutions for deep field science
Air drop (commercial/RAF)
Commercial logistics support





RRS Sir David Attenborough – science users' workshop

SDA arriving Holyhead 16th November 2020

Thank you for listening



